Form 1112-5 (May 2001)

(Signature)

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT RISK MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

assistance and rescue on the Colorado Rive including Westwater Canyon & Moab Daily) Dewey Bridge) and the Green River (Labyri	oate: 5	6. Date Prepared 04/16/2015										
7. Prepared by (Name / Duty Position) Jennifer Joh 8. Identified Hazards 9. Asses Hazards: Risk	ss the	e al	door Recreation Planner  10. Control Measures De Hazards: (Specific measure) the probability of a hazard	ıres takeı		Haz	zard' sidua	al Ri	sk:	Controls: (Ma By Hand)	mplement the ay Be Filled in	13. Supervisors and Evaluation by: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System, etc.)
(Be Specific)  SUMMARY OF HAZARDS boating operation in Westwater Canyon and Colorado River waters:  -Fall overboard -Hypothermia -Drowning -Swept away -Swamping/sinking -Bad Weather Lost/stranded  DETAILS ON FOLLOWING PAGES	X	E	(Be Special Summary OF NECES - Appropriate Coast Guarge - Cold water PPE or were - Field first aid kith - Oars or paddles - Emergency flares, signary - Survival kits with extra - Fire starting materials - Reliable emergency of device (satellite phone) TRAINING REQUIRED - First Aid and CPR - Swiftwater Rescue course	SSARY I ard-appr t/dry suit nals, mir food, cl in H2O pommunion	roved PFD ts. rror. othing proof cont.	L	X	H	E	,	ing .	(Be Specific)  Supervisory responsibility. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
14. Remaining Risk Level After Control Meas Implemented: (CIRCLE HIGHEST REMAININ					MEDIU (Branch Ch			(Dis		<b>GH</b> Manager		REMELY HIGH State Director/Associate)

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Identified Hazards     Watercraft Operation Westwater     Canyon		Asse zards sk		ial	10. Control Measures Developed for Identified Hazards: (Specific measures taken to reduce the probability of a hazard)	the	Haz	sess ard's	3	12. How to Implement the Controls: (May Be Filled in By Hand)	13. Supervisors and Evaluation by: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System, etc.)
(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Ε	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Fall overboard: Drowning			X		-Personal Flotation Device (PFD) appropriate to size of craft, type of water, and wearer's size will be worn at all times when on the craft, or when boarding/departing craftNever wear loose fitting waders that are sealed around the ankle that will fill with water in fast moving or powerful waterAlways carry at least one throw-rope on board each craft.		х			-BLM will purchase and supply all appropriate boating PPE required for the trip and/or specified in H-1112-2 Sec 14Buddy check before getting on boats.	-Trip leader responsibility to ensure all training and PPE is provided to employees operating on watercraftBoat operator is in charge when on the waterBuddy system of lookouts and active assistance by passengers.
Fall overboard: Swept away by fast moving water; -Collision of body with objects in waterTrapped by sweepers or snags.			X		Wear PFD appropriate to class of water being traveledStay on back, keep feet pointed downstream, head pointed upstreamAvoid visible sweepers if possibleTurn body onto front, head forward and downstream, and strongly swim over top of unavoidable obstaclesPlan trip when river flow is moderate to low, not at flood stage.		X			-Pre-trip planning, map study, meeting with people experienced in that waterPurchase proper gear for the class of water.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Fall overboard: Hypothermia from submersion in very cold water.			X		-Boat operator's seating instructions will always be followedRemain seated/low in the boat at all times when boat is in motion. (operator may have to stand for clear view) -If acting as bow lookout, remain as low as possible in the boatCarry survival kit on the boat in a waterproof bag, containing an extra set of clothing and fire starting materialsKnow signs and treatment for hypothermiaLearn self-rescue 'heat-huddle' body heat retention techniquesWear PFD providing greater insulation and body coverage, wet suits, dry suitsPlan trips when weather/water conditions are warmer.		X			-All field workers in remote areas must attend first aid and CPR training and all required refresher training.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Collision with object in water, overturned boat.			Х		-Avoidance by adjusting speed and position of craft to water conditions and degree of debris present.		х			-Pre-trip: planning, crew meetings, review and inventory of supplies.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews

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(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Ε	(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Ε	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
-Contact injury from being thrown from boat.					-Avoidance by posting a lookout at bowRemain positioned low in boat whenever possibleIf overturned boat is floating in a large river, hang onto craft and do not attempt to swim to shore unless an eddy is present. Stay upstream of overturned craft to avoid being pinned against any obstacles in the water. Boat may drift into shore.					-Daily pre-trip briefingsAll field workers in remote areas must attend first aid and CPR training and all required refresher training.	completed by the employees during the season.
Swamped boat, sinking or overturning.			X		-If overturned boat is floating in a large river, hang onto craft and do not attempt to swim to shore unless an eddy is present. Stay upstream of overturned craft to avoid being pinned against any obstacles in the water. Boat may drift into shoreAvoid approaching logs in the water at the surface or slightly submergedDistribute weight of cargo and personnel evenly around the boat, secure cargo loads.		X			-Pre-trip safety briefing by boatman -Follow boat operators instructions.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Bad weather		Х			-Always check daily weather report if availableStop and wait out bad weather or water conditionsExpedite departure to be off river before bad weather		X			-Pre-trip planning, map study, meeting with people experienced in that water. -Daily pre-trip briefings and safety reminders.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Lost, broken down, or stranded			X		-Always carry radio, satellite telephone, -Carry one extra oar or paddle per boatInspect craft prior to each trip and ensure that your craft has been properly maintainedAlways carry extra food, clothing and supplies when traveling through remote areasAlways carry a well-stocked first aid kit		X			-Pre-trip planning, map study, meeting with people experienced in that waterAll field workers in remote areas must attend first aid and CPR training and all required refresher training.	Supervisor led pre-season training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.

8. Identified Hazards		ssess irds In			10. Control Measures Developed for Identified Hazards: (Specific measures taken to reduce the probability of a hazard.)					12. How to Implement the Controls: (Include SOP's, references, etc.)	13. Supervision and Evaluation Method: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System etc.)
(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	E	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Wildlife/critters	X				Bears: Make noise to scare off bears- avoid cubs. In bear country, store food and supplies in bear resistant containers or elevated at least 15' into the air via tree, rope, or platform.  -Seal all food in tough, latching or locking containers.  -Absolutely no food items can be allowed in individual's tents. Water for drinking only.  Bulls (cattle): Avoid if aggressive Gnats: Use repellent/smoke a stogie Mosquitoes: Use repellent to mitigate West Nile virus. Bees/hornets/wasps: Carry medication if known or suspect an allergy to stings.  Rattlesnakes/ Scorpions: Maintain situational awareness. Shake out clothing & sleep gear.	X				Pre-season training Employee judgment	Supervisor led preseason training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Heat			X		Avoid heat stress/exhaustion/stroke by STAYING HYDRATED. Treatment crews will need to drink comparable amounts of water as firefighters (minimum of 1 gallon/day). Judge hydration by frequency and color of urine.		X			Pre-season training Employee judgment	Supervisor led preseason training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
Cold			х		Stay dry and carry adequate layers. Avoid cotton and cotton blend fabrics. PPE: NONE DESIGNATED. PERSONAL GEAR MUST BE ADEQUATE FOR CONDITIONS.		х			Pre-season training and employee judgment.	Supervisor led preseason training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.

Fires	X				Report fires to Moab Interagency Fire Center: 435-259-1850. Use fire size-up cards. Leave vicinity of large fires and maintain ingress/ egress & escape routes	X			,	Same as above	Supervisor led preseason training. Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.
8. Identified Hazards	9. A Haza	ards I	Initial		10. Control Measures Developed for Identified Hazards: (Specific measures taken to reduce the probability of a hazard.)		ard's F	Residu	1	12. How to Implement the Controls: (Include SOP's, references, etc.)	13. Supervision and Evaluation Method: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System, etc.)
(Be Specific) Cuts, impact injuries	L	M	X	E	-Maintain 15' intervals between workers using swinging or chopping tools.  -Ensure adequate overhead clearance when preparing to use swinging/chopping tools.  -Keep axes and other cutting tools sharp. Sharp blades require less force (strain) and are less likely to glance off the work surface.  -With axes/adzes, always chop away from your feet, legs, and body.  -Grip tool handle firmly, to maintain control in case the blade/head glances off the work surface.  -Check swinging tools to ensure handles are tightly attached and free from splinters and splitting.  -Avoid holding a tool or fastener for another person to drive with a sledge, if possible.	L	X	Н	E	(Be Specific)  -Team up the least experienced workers with most experienced workers to train and model proper techniques.  - Pre-project and daily crew briefings.  -First Aid Training for all field going personnel.	(Be Specific) -Routine spot checksEnd of shift review of procedures and practicesBuddy system

8. Identified Hazards	9. Assess the Hazards Initial							s the Residua	al's	12. How to Implement the Controls: (Include SOP's, references, etc.)	13. Supervision and Evaluation Method: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System, etc.)
(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Sprains/strains from lifting/carrying tools or equipment.			X		-Always "test lift" (slightly move) a load to judge weight before actually liftingStand close to objects, with feet in stable position (slightly apart). Lift up by straightening legsNEVER TWIST THE UPPER BODY WHILE LIFTING HEAVY OBJECTS! This is very easy to forget, especially when clearing brush and treesGet help for heavy loadsOn uneven ground or poor footing, make repeated trips with lighter loadsCrouch next to load, knees bent. Keep back as straight as possible: your legs should do most of the workUse levers, rollers, jacks or other mechanical aids for lifting or moving heavy itemsThe further your reach out to lift, the greater the weight of the object is increasedMaintain personal fitness to reduce injuries.  LIFTING PPE: WORK GLOVES	X				Supervisor will demonstrate proper lifting technique. (see safety office for handout, or refer to BLM H-1112-2 ("Safety and Health Field Operations") Topic 11.2.  Provide designated PPE to all crew members or require that all participants have proper PPE	Periodic reviews completed by the employees during the season.

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(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	E	(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	E	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Falls, leg/ankle injuries from trips and twists on uneven ground.		Х			-Preview intended travel/carrying route and work area for tripping hazards.		х			Briefings before project, safety briefing before every shift.	-Continuous checks.

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(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	E	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Food Borne Illnesses		x			-Thoroughly wash all raw foods -Avoid providing food that requires refrigeration, if possibleAvoid making excess food that creates leftoversEat perishable food firstThoroughly wash all utensils and cookware in hot water and soap after use. Sanitize all dishes and utensils after washing by soaking in just boiled (hot) water for five minutes. In a remote setting the use of a bleach rinse is advisedStore cleaned plates, cups, glasses and pans upside down on a clean cloth or paper to protect them from contamination.	x				-Pre-project briefing with trip members including employees and volunteers.	-Review camping practices in daily meetings with camp participants.
Water Borne Illnesses		X			-Provide treated water in sanitary containers for all uses, if logistically possible: at a minimum provide treated or bottled drinking and cooking waterAny non-treated water used for cleaning should be boiled for minimum of 5 minutes.	X				Same as Above	Same as Above
Sewage Borne Illnesses		х			-Provide adequate sanitary facilities for the number of people in camp, either portable river type toilets (washable, reusable, leak-proof) or containment bags to be carried out when project is complete.	X				Same as Above	Same as Above

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(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Ε	(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	
Fire		х			-No smoking in tentsClear brush well away from fire pan or cook stoveIf possible, keep fire extinguisher handy near campfire and cook stove/tentSecure propane tanks to prevent tipping or damageClose propane tanks for the night.	X				Same as Above	Same as Above
Medical Emergency			Х		-Provide first aid kits sufficient to serve size of campDetermine best contact method for communicating with additional medical providers prior to the beginning of the projectMaintain communications capabilities between camp and nearest emergency services via cell phone, radio, or satellite telephone.		х			First Aid and CPR training for all Westwater Rangers.	Same as Above

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(Be Specific)	L	М	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	L	M	Н	Е	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Driving vehicles to and from boat ramp.		X			Drive posted speed limits, maintain safe following distance, wear seat belts, and minimize driver distractions. Reduce speed on non-paved roads. Inspect trailer lights and hitch security (if applicable).	X					Supervisor assures the volunteer is appropriately licensed.
Hostile people and Illegal activities		Х			Be observant. Listen but maintain distance and do not escalate the situation. If necessary, Back off, document and contact law enforcement if necessary. BLM has Law Enforcement and the local sheriff may also be useful in some cases.		Х			Follow procedures and utilize contacts provided in WAVE Handbook.	Supervisor will make available Wave Handbook, and ensure volunteer is trained to report and notify appropriate law enforcement agency of illegal and aggressive activities.